Title: Reach The Beach

#### **Link to Outcomes:**

Problem Solving Students will demonstrate problem solving ability in mathematics,

including problems with open-ended answers, those solved in a cooperative atmosphere, and those solved by using technology.

Communication Students will demonstrate the ability to communicate mathematically.

They will read, write, and discuss mathematics with language and the

signs, symbols, and terms of the discipline.

Reasoning Students will demonstrate the ability to reason mathematically,

conjecture, gather evidence, and build arguments.

 Connections Students will demonstrate the ability to connect mathematics topics

within the discipline and with other disciplines.

Estimation Students will demonstrate the ability to apply estimation strategies

in computation, with the use of technology, in measurement, and

in problem solving.

• Measurement Students will demonstrate and apply concepts of measurement

using standard and customary units, estimate and verify

measurements, and apply them to interdisciplinary and real world

problems.

• Number Sense & Students will demonstrate the ability to solve problems using Numeration

arithmetic operations with technology, where appropriate.

• Whole Number Students will demonstrate the ability to describe and apply number

> relationships using concrete and abstract materials, choose appropriate operations and describe effects on operations on

numbers.

Computation

• Statistics & Students will demonstrate the ability to collect, organize and display **Probability** 

data and interpret information obtained from displays. They will write reports based on statistical information. Students will demonstrate the ability to recognize numerical relationships and

generalize a relationship from data.

#### **Brief Overview:**

This interdisciplinary math, social studies, and science unit focuses on real world activities with mathematical connections, using hands-on experiences, pencil and paper, calculator work, allowing for both creative expression and evaluation during problem solving.

#### **Grade/Level:**

Grades 3-5 mathematics, social studies, science

# **Duration/Length:**

This unit should take 3-5 one-hour periods over as many days, depending on the background of the students. Add 2 more days if the field trip is taken.

# **Prerequisite Knowledge:**

Students should have prior knowledge of the following skills:

- □ map reading
- computations (all operations)
- I measurement
- □ money
- \( \text{time}
- calculators
- I format of a friendly letter
- lables, charts, and graphs

# **Objectives:**

#### Students will:

- l estimate and measure distance between two destinations.
- collect and organize data.
- perform number computations
- calculate time in problem solving.
- record, display and analyze data.
- justify answers using data, mathematical reason and value judgements.
- communicate mathematically using oral and written language.
- choose appropriate technology and manipulatives in problem solving.
- relate mathematics to real-world situations.
- evaluate self and others within co-operative learning groups.
- apply meanings of vocabulary words within the unit.

### **Materials/Resources/Printed Materials:**

# For Procedure 1:

- Acrostic Poem (attached) or other favorite beach poem
- •□ Large chart paper
- Markers

# For Procedure 2:

- ●□ Task Sheet #1
- ☐ State map
- •□ Rulers
- Highlighters
- Student Worksheet
- Calculators
- Group chart
- Current local gasoline prices

# For Procedure 3:

- •□ Task Sheet #2
- Calculators
- Judy clocks
- Money manipulatives

# For Procedure 4:

- ●□ Task Sheets #3 and #4
- Beach reference materials
- Crayons
- •□ Markers
- Paints
- Scissors

# For Procedure 5:

- ●□ Task Sheet #5
- Calculators
- Money manipulatives

#### For Procedure 6:

- ●□ Task Sheets #1, #2, #3, #4, #5, and #6
- Rubrics
- Calculators
- •□ Clocks
- Money manipulatives
- Student Evaluation Form

### Vocabulary Words for this unit:

destination	estimate	municipal	economical
pit stop	vehicle	indigenous	calculator
transportation	destination	calculation	mpg
mph			

# **Development/Procedures:**

#### **Procedure 1:**

- Read the acrostic poem. Ask students where they are traveling to, and what will be found there. Use prior knowledge and references from the poem.
- Brainstorm for items found along the beach. List them on a chart (transfer information from the chart to Task Sheet #3). Make copies of Task Sheet #3 for each student, with student responses listed under ITEM column for Procedure 4. Explain that the items are important in preparing for the trip because the class will participate in a beach design contest when it arrives.
- Ask students what planning a trip to the beach involves. Teacher elicits a list of preparations. Suggestions should include transportation, cost, food, and parking fees.
- Arrange students in cooperative learning groups and complete all tasks within these groups. Individual assignments include contest design and final assessment of total cost for trip.

### **Procedure 2:**

• Estimate distance from home to the beach, then compute the actual distance using the map scale. Mark shortest route to the beach on the state map using a highlighter. Record actual distance to the beach on the class chart. Distribute Task Sheet #1 to each student. Use calculators if appropriate.

#### **Procedure 3:**

• Distribute Task Sheet #2 to each student. Use calculators, Judy clocks and money manipulatives when appropriate. Work in groups to complete Task Sheet #2.

#### **Procedure 4:**

- Distribute copies of Task Sheet #3 to all students. Have them verify if items on sheet are indigenous to their beach. Use reference materials and prior knowledge to complete this chart. Ask students which design contest they wish to enter at the beach. Choice includes T-shirt or boogie board design. Distribute contest forms according to their responses. Explain these criteria for designing Task Sheet #4:
  - 1. Design elements must be taken from Task Sheet #3, except for items listed in the NEVER column.
  - 2. Design must include at least 3 items from Task Sheet #3.
  - 3. Design must cover at least ½ of the front surface area.
  - 4. Design must be colored.

Collect finish designs for display.

### **Procedure 5:**

• Distribute the Beach Luncheon Menu, Task Sheet #5. Using the menu, each student calculates the cost of lunch. Calculators and money manipulatives are permissible.

#### **Procedure 6:**

Assess students individually using Task Sheet #6, Parts 1 and 2. Distribute summative assessment to each student. Instruct them to refer to Task Sheets #1, #2, #3, #4, and #5 and to transfer information onto assessment Task Sheet #6, writing in complete sentences where appropriate. Have students justify answers with supporting details. Remind students that all 5 parts of a friendly letter must be included, and spelling, punctuation, grammar, and mechanics affect the final grade.

#### **Evaluation:**

- Teacher observes co-operative group interaction and individual participation.
- Teacher evaluates task sheets, extension activities, and summative assessment based on accuracy and content according to scoring rubric.
- Student checklist for assigned tasks.
- Student evaluation in form of a letter to a friend detailing the unit.
- Co-operative group evaluation checklist.

# Extension/Follow Up:

#### **Procedure 2 Extension:**

- Use Extension Activity #1 to calculate fractional distance between two destinations, map directions, and locating routes on state map.
- Use Extension Activity #2 to compare gasoline prices to determine best buy and find difference between cheapest and most expensive cost of gasoline.

#### **Procedure 3 Extension:**

• Use Extension Activity #3 to determine travel time based on mileage per hour and rest stop. Calculate parking cost based on actual time spent at the beach due to travel time.

#### **Procedure 4 Extension:**

• Design a T-shirt or boogie board using a patterned border outside and a symmetrical design inside border. Items in the design should be taken from Task Sheet #3.

#### **Procedure 5 Extension:**

- Calculate the total cost of lunch for everyone in each cooperative group. Find the average cost of lunch for the group.
- Find the cost of lunch for everyone in the room. Arrange the prices from greatest to least. Find the average cost of lunch for the students in your room.

#### **Authors:**

Ronna Bievenour	Pat Chellew	Esther Nicholson	Joyce Roberts
Delmar Elementary	Colwyck Elementary	<b>Buckingham Elementary</b>	Pittsville Elem.
Wicomico County	New Castle County	Worcester County	Wicomico County

# ACROSTIC POEM

R iding down the road,E mpty tank of gas,A nxious to get there.C harting the route,H eading towards the beach.

T ime for a break.H ow much farther now?E xcitement is growing!

B each parking nightmare,
E ntering contests galore,
A nd stopping to eat some more.
C an't wait to tell a friend
H omeward bound--- already?

		1			* use curi	rent local prices
Type of veh	icle	mile	es per gallon		cost per a	gallon
sports car						
compact car						
van						
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1		1
	distance to	and	number of	1	t for each	total cost
type of vehicle	<u> </u>	and	<u> </u>	1		1
type of vehicle	distance to	and	number of	1		1
type of vehicle	distance to	and	number of	1		1
compact car	distance to from beacl	and h	number of gallons used	cost	per gallon	1

You reached the beach! Where will you park your vehicle? Your choices are parking on the street using parking meters, or at the municipal parking lot.		
A parking meter costs 25 cents for 15 minutes. The all-day municipal lot costs \$5.00 per day.		
You will be at the beach from 10:00 A.M. until 6:00 P.M. Determine the cheapest way to park your vehicle for the day.		
COMPUTATION BOX		
Parking meter	Municipal lot	

Task Sheet #2

Name\_\_\_\_\_

Circle the most economical price.

Name
------

What do we find at our state beach?

Based on your knowledge and the use of resource materials, place a check mark in the appropriate column.

Item	always	sometimes	rarely	never

REACH THE BEACH SNACK BAR	LUNCH MENU
ITEM	COST
PIZZA SLICE	\$1.25
HOT DOG	\$1.25
HAMBURGER	\$1.75
BOARDWALK FRIES	SM. \$.75 LG. \$1.00
CHIPS	\$.75
ICE CREAM	\$1.50
GIANT COOKIE	\$1.00
SODA	SM. \$.75 MED. \$1.00 LG. \$1.50
JUICE	\$ 1.50

Write your lunch choices below and calculate the cost for your lunch.

*Total:*\_\_\_\_\_

Task Sheet #6, Page 1	NAME
Final Summative Assessmen	nt
How much will it cost you to	o REACH THE BEACH?
Part 1	
A. Enter transportation cost the beach.	to and from
B. Enter parking cost for the	e day.
C. Enter cost for your lunch	1.
D. Enter total cost for your	beach day.
	or your beach day. Do you feel that this is a y to spend for a day at the beach? Explain your
F. In what ways would you three expenditures. Explain	change the expense of your trip? Evaluate all your answer.

Task Sheet #6, Page 2	Name
Write a letter telling a frie	end about your planned trip to the beach.

# STUDENT EVALUATION FORM

"Reach the Beach"
1. What was the most interesting task? Why?
2. What did you like about the task?
3. What would you change ?
4. What was the most difficult task for you? Which one was easiest?  Difficult  Form
Easy
5. Circle the one that best describes the tasks you have just completed:
Very easy Easy Average Hard Very hard

Extension Activity #1	NAME
1. Halfway to reaching the beach, in Describe your exact location.	it will be necessary to make a pit stop.
2. How far have your traveled from	n home?
3. What routes have you used?	
4. How far is it to reach the beach?	
5. What routes will you use on the	second half of your trip?
6. In what direction will you be tra	veling?

1. Using the community as your resource, compare the prices of regular gasoline at three local gas stations. Determine the most economical price for regular gasoline in your local area. Use this price in your final calculation for transportation costs.
Cost of regular gasoline
STATION #1
STATION #2
STATION #3
CIRCLE THE MOST ECONOMICAL PRICE.  2. What is the most expensive price for gasoline at the station with the most economical price?
3. What is the difference between the least expensive and the most expensive gasoline at the station?
4. Why do some people choose to buy the most expensive gasoline?

Extension Activity #2 Name\_\_\_\_\_

Extension Activity #3 Name
Calculating time
Travel time to the beach could alter parking costs for the day. If you leave for the beach at 8:00 A.M. and travel 55 mph, what time would your arrive at the beach?
Travel time calculation
Where did you make a pit stop?  If you traveled at 55mph, what time did you make a pit stop?
Pit stop calculation
How long did you spend at the pit stop? At what time should you arrive at the beach?
TOTAL travel time calculation
Based on the total travel time, how much will you spend on parking if you leave the beach at 6:00 P.M.?
Parking fee calculation

# Holistic Scoring Rubric: Writing a friendly letter

Point values:

4 = Exemplary response

3 = Competent response

2 = Satisfactory response1 = Inadequate response

0 = No attempt at response

# A 4-point letter

- -- uses correct letter format (5 parts)
- -- shows audience awareness
- maintains topic focus throughout letter
  maintains organization throughout letter
  fully develops paragraphs and indents them
  uses correct spelling, grammar, and mechanics
- -- uses all factual information gathered in this activity

# A 3-point letter

- -- uses correct letter format (5 parts)
- -- shows audience awareness
- -- maintains topic focus throughout letter
- -- maintains organization throughout letter, but has minor flaws
- -- fully develops paragraphs and indents them
- -- uses consistent and correct spelling, grammar, and
- -- uses specific information gathered in this activity

# A 2-point letter

- -- uses correct friendly letter form
- -- shows some awareness of audience
- -- generally focuses on topic
- -- minimally maintains organization
- -- indents paragraphs, but does not develop them with specific details
- -- generally uses correct spelling, grammar, and mechanics
- -- omits specific details from information gathered in this activity

# A 1- point letter

- -- has omitted parts of a friendly letter
- -- shows little awareness of audience
- -- focuses poorly on topic
- -- does not maintain organization well
- -- lacks relevant details in paragraphs, does not indent them
- -- infrequent use of correct spelling, grammar, and mechanics
- -- uses little of the information gathered in this activity